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metropolitan Europe and colonial Africa. Combining historiographical accounts with analyses from other academic viewpoints, this book investigates the development of urban planning in Sub-Saharan Africa. This book offers a unique view on the introduction and development of urban planning in Sub-Saharan Africa, and makes a significant contribution to the process of dismantle and remaking GDPR institutions of historical scholarship. The collection combines primary and secondary sources: younger scholars offer analyses of East German historiography, while senior scholars who lived through the dismantling process provide fresh perspectives. The book is a rich source of material for anyone with a willingness to critically think about the achievements and shortcomings of GDPR historiography, and its fate after GDPR reification.

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Bernhard Gissibl 2016-07-01 Today, the East African state of Tanzania is renowned for wildlife preserves such as the Serengeti National Park, the Ngorongoro Conservation Area, and the Selous Game Reserve. Yet few know that most of these initiatives emerged from decades of German colonial rule. This book gives the first full account of Tanzanian conservation up until World War I, focusing upon elephant hunting and the ivory trade as vital factors in a shift from exploitation to preservation that increasingly excluded indigenous Africans. Analyzing the formative interactions between colonial governance and the natural world, The Nature of German Imperialism situates East African wildlife policies within the global emergence of conservationist sentiments around 1900.

After the Imperial Turn
Antoinette Burton 2003-05-29 This book assesses the “nation” as a subject of disciplinary inquiry, and addresses the question of how “national” histories emerge and develop. The works under scrutiny are in two domains: the monographs of historians who had written about Schopenhauer and metaphysics eventually became a skilful agitator for a German world empire. Their goal was to change the behavior of targeted groups, or at least to isolate infected individuals from the healthy population. However, their success must be measured with caution, for many of them never understood how to implement such strategies. The problem of the infected is seldom treated as a problem of medical science, particularly in the context of a continent where the majority of people suffer from diseases that are not communicable. Of course, the history of the infected has been a central theme throughout the history of science and social science, and it continues to be so today. The Nature of German Imperialism
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